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September 16, 2009

Mr. Charles L. A. Terreni
Chief Clerk/Administrator
Public Service Commission of South Carolina
101 Executive Center Dr., Suite 100
Columbia, South Carolina 29211

Dear Mr. Terreni:

Pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. §58-9-576, AT&T South Carolina respectfully submits the following tariff pages for filing with the Public Service Commission c South Carolina:

Private Line Services Tariff

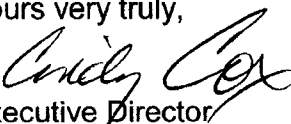
Section B7.7

-8th Revised Page 30.1

-4th Revised Page 33.1

This tariff filing revises the provisioning rules surrounding Flex DS1 under SMARTRing Service.

Yours very truly,


Executive Director

BELLSOUTH
TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
SOUTH CAROLINA
ISSUED: September 16, 2009
BY: President - South Carolina
Columbia, South Carolina

PRIVATE LINE SERVICES TARIFF

Eighth Revised Page 30.1
Cancels Seventh Revised Page 30.1
EFFECTIVE: September 30, 2009

B7. DIGITAL NETWORK SERVICE

B7.7 Self-Healing Multi-Nodal Alternate Route Topology Ring (SMARTRing) Service (Cont'd)

B7.7.1 General (Cont'd)

B. (Cont'd)

OC-48+ SMARTRing service is available as an individual bi-directional service, or with overlaying rings in capacities of OC-3, OC-3+ and/or OC-12, or in an Overlay Ring Arrangement riding the customer's OC-192+ SMARTRing service. It provides equivalent capacity of 24 DS3s between consecutive node locations on the ring. The maximum capacity of the OC-48+ SMARTRing service is determined by the number of Customer and Central Office nodes on the ring. (C)

OC-192 SMARTRing service is available as an individual service, or with overlaying rings in capacities of OC-3, OC-3+, OC-12 and/or OC-48. OC-192 SMARTRing service provides an equivalent capacity of 192 DS3s.

OC-192+ SMARTRing service is available as an individual bi-directional service, or with overlaying rings in capacities of OC-3, OC-3+, OC-12, OC-48 and/or OC-48+. It provides equivalent capacity of 96 DS3s between consecutive node locations on the ring. The maximum capacity of the OC-192+ SMARTRing service is determined by the number of Customer and Central Office nodes on the ring. (C)

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B7. DIGITAL NETWORK SERVICE

B7.7 Self-Healing Multi-Nodal Alternate Route Topology Ring (SMARTRing) Service (Cont'd)

B7.7.3 Architecture (Cont'd)

A. SMARTRing Service (Cont'd)

- Interoffice Channel (one for each path between each two directly connected Company Central Offices), provides for the communications path between directly connected Company Central Offices located on a SMARTRing service.
- Internodal Channel (one for each path between two directly connected Customer Nodes), provides for the communications path, where requested, between two directly connected Customer Nodes located (a) in the same Serving Wire Center area or (b) in the same Office Park/Campus Environment or contiguous property, located in contiguous Serving Wire Center areas.
- Channel Interface Capacity Reallocation (one per node per occurrence), allows the customer to reallocate channel interfaces on a node subsequent to the initial installation of the channel interfaces. For example, a customer may initially allocate, activated or spare, eighty-four DS1s at each node on the ring and may subsequently request Channel Interface Capacity Reallocation to drop one DS3 and fifty-six DS1s at each node, or other combination of DS3s and/or DS1s equivalent to an OC-3 Network Capacity.
- SMARTRing service OC-3, OC-12, or OC-48 channel interfaces are associated with optical circuits within a SMARTRing service arrangement. These optical circuits may be provisioned as concatenated. When an optical circuit is provisioned as concatenated, the multiple STS-1s within the optical circuit are provided as a single entity with a single overhead channel.
- SMARTRing service interfaces may be ordered as asymmetrical (i.e., a circuit enters one node at a lower level interface and exits at another node at a higher level interface). For example, a customer may have a service that connects to a ring via an OC-3 interface at a node. That service is then transported around the ring and connects via an OC-12 interface to another of the customer's services. The allowable asymmetrical interface arrangements for the various ring sizes are as shown in Technical Reference TR-73582.
- When the distance between nodes on a SMARTRing service is such that optical signal regeneration is required, then regeneration equipment will be provided at no additional charge to the customer to assure proper operation of the service. In some cases regeneration will be provided via SONET Add/Drop equipment called a Regeneration Node. A Regeneration Node does not contain the capability to add or drop services. Accordingly, FlexServ service Customer Network Management may not be ordered with a Regeneration Node, however, a customer may monitor a Regeneration Node via the FlexServ service Customer Network Management Surveillance option when a customer has established surveillance for a ring. Regeneration Node Surveillance is provided as a part of the charges associated with the customer's ring level FlexServ service Customer Network Management Surveillance. A Regeneration Node and Regeneration Node Surveillance, as applicable, will appear on a customer's records as a non-rated USOC, as follows:

Regeneration Node, all ring capacities, non-rated

Regeneration Node Surveillance, all ring capacities, non-rated

USOC
SHNRD
SHNRS

- SMARTRing service Virtual Packet Rings may be established to work with either electrical or optical Basic Shared Ethernet LAN Access Links. A Virtual Packet Ring established associated with electrical access links will only work with electrical Basic Shared Ethernet LAN Access Links and a Virtual Packet Ring established associated with optical access links will only work with optical Basic Shared Ethernet LAN Access Links. Electrical and optical access links may not be mixed on the same Virtual Packet Ring.
- An individual Basic Shared Ethernet LAN Access Link associated with a VPR may not be equal to the size of the VPR and the sum of all or access links on a VPR must be equal to or less than the size (i.e., capacity) of the Virtual Packet Ring. An individual SMARTRing service arrangement may have multiple Virtual Packet Rings, up to and including the capacity of the ring.
- Metro Ethernet Access Links must be Optical and must work with an optical VPR. Metro Ethernet Access Links are sized in a static configuration, meaning that they will not allow bursting up to the line speed. This is important when configuring Metro Ethernet, VPR and the Metro Ethernet Access Link. If the Metro Ethernet circuit supports bursting then each Metro Ethernet Access Link needs to be configured to match the maximum bandwidth allowed. The VPR will also need to be configured to match the burst capability.
- Metro Ethernet Access Link service uses the SMARTRing service as transport and broadcasts the Metro Ethernet to all Metro Ethernet Access Links associated with a specific VPR. Connection with the Metro Ethernet circuit at the SMARTRing central office node is limited to optical connections.